

BEWARE OF THE PRICE CUTTER

for he who cuts the price is willing to cut the quality to equalize the price.

GET OUR PRICES and examine our stock before placing your order.

Our prices with quality furnished will save you money.

Badger Coal & Lumber Co.

Cor. 21st and Wash.

Phone 865

AMERICANS IN DANGER

Attack Made by Jesse Williams and Followers Upon Rebels May Result in Death of Many Yankees at Madera

El Paso, Tex., July 23.—Anti-Americanism has broken out in the American colonies in Western Chihuahua as a result of what American Consul T. D. Edwards declares to be the acts of Jesse Williams, a Mormon of Colonia Chihuahua, and his two brothers.

Since the colonies have been deserted Williams has been employed at Babicora on the famous Hearst ranches as a cowboy. While working there he discovered that a part of the Mexican band of bandits which had been terrorizing the country were encamped behind a hill on the Hearst ranch. He gave the warning at the ranch house and an attack was made on the Mexicans, who had killed and were eating a beef. Two of the Mexicans were killed and two wounded in the engagement which followed.

Williams and his men were forced



Fair Equestrienne and Arabian thoroughbred, with Buffalo Bill's Wild West and Pawnee Bill's Far East—Coming to Ogden, Tuesday, July 29.

BURTS'

Everything Cheaper

MID-SUMMER

SALE

NO INCREASE IN RATES

Interstate Commerce Commission Issues Reply to Request of Eastern Railroads for Permission to Raise the Freight Tariffs Five Percent

Washington, July 23.—The answer of the interstate commerce commission to the application of the railroads east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac rivers, for permission to make a general increase of 5 per cent on freight rates, will be as follows:

First—The application will be denied.

Second—All railroads will be ordered to discontinue making "allowances" to certain favored big industrial combinations.

The effect of this will be to relieve the general public of the necessity of paying the additional \$42,000,000 a year, which the railroads in official classification territory are asking for, and to strip certain big corporations of a sum ranging between \$50,000,000 and \$100,000,000 annually.

The necessity of such an order has been under consideration by the commission for some time. During the past few months it has secretly made an investigation to determine just the extent to which the practice of making "allowances" to industrial short line railroads, owned by manufacturing concerns, is prevalent.

The commission is now in possession of the names of the firms which receive these allowances or rebates or discriminatory rates, and in addition it has the names of the railroads which pay them, the amounts received by the favored industrial corporations and something of the extent to which the practice injures the competing manufacturers, who are not in a position to enter into such arrangements.

In a large number of instances it is claimed the practice amounts to extortion. The railroads are compelled by the demands of competition to make allowances to the manufacturer for his part in transferring his product over his own insignificant tracks to the junction where the regular railroad takes up his cars. Where several railroads are bidding for such a manufacturer's business, the one which makes the most liberal allowance usually gets the freight.

Railroads Will Approve

In view mainly of the fact that it is expected that the answer that the commission will give the railroads' application will meet with their approval and co-operation and will do away with the most important of existing practices in the railroad business without the necessity of prosecution. The railroads are asking for the 5 per cent increase on the ground that they must have increased revenue to pay their large operating expenses, and particularly to pay the higher wages demanded by their employees—a demand which almost precipitated a paralyzing strike a few days ago and which is now being arbitrated under figures, the 5 per cent increase asked by the railroads in the territory east of Chicago would add \$42,000,000 to their revenue.

The recent demands of their employees for wages equal to those paid railroad workers in the western and southern territories would take \$17,000,000 of that amount.

Saving of Expense.

Under the order which the interstate commerce commission will issue they will get more than \$42,000,000 by simply cutting off an improper expense, and correspondingly the favored trusts and combinations that have been mulcting them of the amount will be deprived of it.

The railroads will be placed in a position to pay their employees the living wage they demand, the danger of a tremendous strike will be avoided and the whole thing will be accomplished without the shippers—and

through them the general public—being required to pay more for the transportation of the necessities of life.

And this means that another boost in the cost of living, which would mean hardships to millions of families, will be prevented.

A search through the reports of the interstate commerce commission during a period of about a year past reveals a growing realization on the part of the commissioners of the tremendous advantages gained by some favored corporations by means of "allowances" obtained from the railroads and the need of stringent new regulations to place all manufacturers on an equal basis.

A year ago Commissioner Harlan discussed the subject generally to some extent on the opinion on the tap line which has to do specifically, however, with the lumber railroads. Incidentally, Commissioner Harlan was in charge of the investigation just made into the condition in the official classification territory.

RECOVERING THE BODIES

Binghamton, N. Y., July 23.—Fifty-two persons, most of them women and girls, and all employed in the frame, tin-can factory of the Binghamton Clothing company, died in a fire which swept that building yesterday afternoon. Fifty more persons were injured, a dozen of them fatally.

The girls, who had become annoyed at too frequent fire drills, thought the alarm which sounded at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon was only another drill and refused to heed it. The flames had cut off every avenue of escape to most of the women employees before they realized that their lives were actually in danger.

So far only two of the dead have been identified. They are:

MARY WHITE, 34 years old; both legs broken and internally injured; died at hospital.

ELLEN FULMER, 23 years old; fatally burned; died in hospital.

Twenty-nine bodies have been taken from the ruins, and according to the most careful estimates that can be made there are twenty-one bodies in the ruins.

While many girls lost their lives because they did not heed the alarm of fire, it seems certain that the narrow stairway and inadequate fire escapes would not have furnished sufficient arteries of egress in such a fire had the 12 employees responded promptly to the call.

Less than one-fifth of the persons in that building escaped death or serious injury. The two hospitals of this city and many homes and private institutions house the fifty injured.

THOUGHT WOMAN WAS KIDNAPED

When Sheriff Harris of Davis county and Chief Deputy Hobson of Weber county located a temporarily detained Farmington woman at the Utah Knitting works yesterday and placed her in the automobile for transportation to the depot, bystanders believed the woman was being kidnapped and a call was hastily sent for the police.

Sergeant Peterson and Patrolman Blackburn responded and were told of the suspected movements of the two alleged kidnappers. One of the bystanders had secured the number of the automobile. When the number was given the mystery was explained.

MAKING TEST CASE.

Boise, Ida., July 23.—Suit was instituted in the district court of this county today to test the constitutionality of the state highway commission act passed by the last legislature. The case is entitled Henry Achenbach vs. William Howell, August Carlson and William Briggs, commissioners of Ada county, and William Kincaid, assessor.

Application is made for a writ of

mandate to compel the commissioners to require the assessor to assess and collect taxes on automobiles and other motor vehicles, exempted by the highway commission act. Judge McCarthy granted an alternate writ directed against the commissioners and the assessor, commanding them to appear in the district court Saturday morning next and to show cause why they should not be directed to assess and collect taxes on automobiles.

The highway commission act was constructed along lines that specifically exempt automobiles and motor cycles from taxation, but require them to pay a license to the secretary of state, based on the horsepower of the engines they carry. It is this feature of the commission law that is attacked as unconstitutional.

GIRL'S HAND CRUSHED

Price, July 23.—Kate Gorley, 21 years of age, employed at the City Steam laundry, had her hand drawn into the mangle this afternoon, injuring it so badly that the doctors are afraid amputation will be necessary. The young woman has no relatives here and a collection has been taken up to assist her.

Gwilliam Jones, former county clerk, against whom several charges pending were dismissed at last term of court, is again under arrest on a charge of embezzlement. A warrant was sworn out yesterday charging him with embezzling the sum of \$3,307.75. The warrant was placed in the hands of the sheriff. He notified Jones, who is employed at Clear Creek, to appear and plead to the charge.

Five automobiles from the east are due in here tonight over the Midland trail, but may be delayed by the heavy rain which fell this afternoon. The I. W. W. agitators who started a charge in jail for about ten days on a charge of rioting, had their hearing today and were discharged. No evidence showing violence or intimidation was produced by the prosecution.

PLAIN CITY TO HAVE A GREAT CELEBRATION

Plain City has planned for a rousing celebration of Pioneer Day. At daybreak Captain F. Thomas and John Wood will fire a salute of artillery which will be followed at sunrise by the hoisting of the colors under the direction of Ensign R. L. Moyes.

The general assembly will be held at 10:30 o'clock in the meeting house and the program will include singing by the choir, prayer by Chaplain Thomas England, an oration by Alfred Skeen, music by the orchestra, recitation by John B. Taylor, and a solo by Maggie Grieve. Lyman Skeen will deliver a short address and Vivian Streeter will give a piano solo. The program will conclude with a recitation by Mrs. William Kerr and a solo by Lona Ipsen.

In the afternoon there will be a series of athletic events including a ball game. A matinee dance will be given and also a grand ball in the evening.

SECOND WASHOUT ON UNION PACIFIC

With trains already delayed because of the washout at Rawlins, traffic on the Union Pacific was still further held up by a second cloudburst that occurred at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Henefer. Although the roadbed was submerged at that point, when the flood had lowered, it was found that the excellent condition of the roadbed had prevented damage. Trains were able to proceed across the formerly submerged portion of the road with but few delays.

Because of the two cloudbursts, the Pacific Limited, which was due in Ogden at 6:50 o'clock yesterday morning, did not arrive until 11:15 o'clock last night. The other trains including the Overland de luxe were correspondingly late.

ANDERSON DISAPPEARS

Salt Lake Police Anxious to Find Mrs. Ekman's Husband—Has Not Been Seen Since Saturday When He Visited His Wife

Salt Lake, July 23.—The police are making assiduous inquiry as to the whereabouts of C. L. Anderson, the first husband of Mrs. Minnie Ekman, arrested with her in Ogden on June 28, after the body of Mrs. Ekman's murdered child, Frances Violet Williams, had been found in a trunk at the union station there.

Developments during the preliminary hearing of the confessed murderer redirected the suspicion of members of the department toward Anderson, who was released from custody the day after the pair were brought here.

So far as could be learned yesterday by Inspector Carl A. Carlson, Anderson had not been seen in Salt Lake since Saturday, the day after Mrs. Ekman was ordered bound over to the district court. The further discovery was made yesterday that Anderson had for some time been borrowing money from Finns and other friends who believed his story that he was wealthy, strengthened the suspicion of the police.

Investigation Started

The testimony which is said to have agitated Anderson as he sat in the police court at the preliminary hearing of his wife, and which set the police investigating again, was given by H. S. Wright, an expressman. Wright testified, according to reports made, that he was engaged by Anderson to haul the trunk of Mrs. Ekman from her room to the St. Albans hotel; that Anderson told him not to hurry as he had not yet roped the trunk and that Anderson also insisted that the trunk must be placed proper side up and not left standing upon end. The police expect to order a transcript of Wright's testimony made today.

Anderson visited the county jail Saturday afternoon in company with J. H. Johnson, Mrs. Ekman's attorney, but was not allowed to see the woman during the consultation between her and her lawyer. Mrs. Ekman, during the renewed search for her first husband, has been spending her time in her cell, either moodily silent or singing with the full strength of her voice, songs both in English and in Finnish, her mother tongue.

Tell of Making Loans

Two well known Salt Lake proprietors yesterday told of having lent Anderson money, the one \$15 and the other \$10. The loans had been extended with the understanding that they would be returned within a few days. Anderson, according to the lenders, instead of returning the money as agreed, went to one of the lenders for a further cash accommodation and was refused. His explanation whenever borrowing was that he had not yet been able to get money from the east or from California, where he claimed to have property to the value of \$25,000.

Several things conspired to divert the suspicion of the police from Anderson until recently. At the time of his release, he had been entirely exonerated in the confession of Mrs. Ekman. He had talked but little himself and appeared to be telling a straight story. For a considerable time after his release he reported regularly at police headquarters and took occasion to let himself be seen by officials of the department. He declared frequently that he purposed to stand by Mrs. Ekman through the trouble and if necessary spend all of his money in trying to free her from the charge against her and said that he believed the woman insane and not a murderer before the law.

Anderson, once engaged.

Anderson at one time said that he had secured by telegram the services of Attorney Earl Rogers of Los Angeles, who figured in the defense of Clarence S. Darrow, to defend Mrs. Ekman. This could not be verified by a dispatch to Los Angeles, the answer being that Attorney Rogers was in Seattle, Wash.

Before the preliminary hearing of the confessed slayer had been completed three different firms had figured in the case. Finally she was represented by Attorney Johnson, who did not make any attempt to cross examine the state's witnesses or hint what line of defense would be followed in the defense of the woman before the district court.

Some members of the police department are inclined to think that Anderson might have left town for work or to replenish his purse until he could secure money from his property. This idea finds justification in the fact that he spoke of getting a job after the preliminary hearing should have been finished.

Others wonder that the man did not pursue his usual evident purpose to be frank and tell the police that he was leaving and where he was going, though he was not bound to do so.

NATIONAL GUARD TO "ATTACK" REGULARS

Heber, July 22.—Members of the Utah National Guard, under command of Major W. G. Williams, will form the greater portion of the "attacking" force in the military maneuvers, which will begin at the camp near here tomorrow morning. The guardsmen will be assisted in their onslaught by one battalion of the Twentieth infantry.

The day at camp was quiet, busy with preparations for the morrow and without untoward incident. An artillery drill by the Utah battery was a feature of the afternoon.

ATLANTIC FLEET TO VISIT PACIFIC

San Francisco, July 23.—The Evening Post prints an interview with Secretary Daniels of the navy department in which he is quoted as saying that he intends to bring the entire Atlantic fleet through the Panama canal as soon as the canal is opened. The reasons given are that the transfer would be instructive to the fleet and would at the same time demonstrate to the Pacific states how well equipped the canal is to handle heavy emergency duty.

Is LISTOGEN in your medicine cabinet?

You are using an antiseptic, of course; but are you using the one which repairs as well as prevents germ action?

For daily use as a mouth wash or gargle, or to relieve little hurts, the best antiseptic is

LISTOGEN

It goes further than Peroxide of Hydrogen by uniting with that most efficient germ destroyer the valuable healing properties of Thymol, Menthol and Eucalyptol.

Thus LISTOGEN acts with scientific precision as both a cleansing and healing agent.

Ask your druggist for LISTOGEN. You will delight in its purifying, refreshing action. 25c, 50c and \$1 a bottle at

A. R. McIntyre, Druggist Ogden, Utah.

If your druggist does not carry LISTOGEN we will send it postpaid on receipt of price. Bolton Chemical Corp., 236 W. 23rd St., New York.

Just Phone your order WE WILL DO THE REST

In warm weather it may not be convenient to visit our store in person for everything you may want in our line. Let your telephone and our free delivery service do errands for you. No matter how small the item, we shall be glad to deliver it.

We started this feature for your convenience and we want you to make full use of it.

Phone 385.

THE MISCH PHARMACY

Washington at 25th.

MAX GEISLER'S CELEBRATED BIRD

FOODS, SEEDS AND GRAVEL

McBRIDE Drug Co.

Prescription Specialists. 2463 Wash. Ave. Phone 38.

THE CREAM

of Utah and Idaho's finest and highest priced wheat, makes

Crescent Flour

It must please you or your money back.

Slade's Transfer

Phone 321. 408 25th Street. We have the largest van in the city. Quick service. Moving, shipping and handling planes. Prompt freight deliveries. Furniture moving a specialty. Storage at reasonable rates.

ARBITRATION, NEXT STOP.



RIVAL FOR GLASS CURRENCY BILL

Washington, July 23.—A rival to the administration currency bill appeared yesterday—the creation of those Democratic members of the house banking committee who have opposed various features of the administration bill. It is largely a re-write of the Glass plan.

Representative Ragsdale of South Carolina, who yesterday quit the deliberations of the committee Democrats, Representative Wingo of Arkansas and Representative Henry of Texas, all had a hand in preparing the new bill. It would embody many recommendations of the old money trust investigating committee.

The bill first will be submitted to President Wilson and Secretary McAdoo in an informal way. If substantial amendments make the Glass bill conform to the suggestions of its opponents, the new bill may not be introduced.

Democrats of the banking committee continued today their consideration of the Glass bill and Representative Ragsdale returned to the conference.